

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XXXI.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE Grandest Reform OF THE AGE.

Millions Annually Saved to the People by the Introduction of the

Actual Cost Plan of LIFE INSURANCE.

First successfully operated by the

PROTECTION

OF CHICAGO,

Which has a Guaranteed Capital of \$200,000.

On this plan the members mutually insure themselves at the actual cost of the risk mortified (or otherwise at their option), as ascertained by the actual mortality record.

THE PLAN OF THIS COMPANY

Has been based on the practical experience of over six years successful operation to be

SAFE AND EQUITABLE.

And at one-half cheaper than the old system. It has been adapted to the requirements and needs of all classes.

\$10,000 Policies are issued for the rich man.

\$5,000 For the business man.

\$2,500 For the mechanic, and

\$1,250 For the working man.

Each guaranteed by a mutual organization and the capital of the company, and each member contributing proportionately to the premium.

This is a TIME-TRIED AND FIRE-TESTED plan and six years experience has demonstrated that the people will satis-

factory results.

A fixed and definite rate is guaranteed for the

EXPENSES OF MANAGEMENT.

And the cost of the management and the mortality rates are graduated according to the age and amount of insurance of each.

The first cost of the different policies issued is as follows:

\$10 for \$1,250 Insurance.

14 for \$2,500. ".

25 for \$5,000. ".

40 for \$10,000. ".

The application paying for the medical examination.

The expense of the Company demonstrates that a man of 25 can insure for \$10,000 for \$2.50 a month and \$600 for \$5.00 a month.

The Protection Life Insurance Company is at Nos. 140 and 147 Randolph-st., over the Fidelity Savings Bank.

SECTION SALES.

W. N. POMEROY & CO.,

Rooms 84 and 86 Randolph-st.

Today's Sale, Aug. 11,

Have the Entire

WEEK AND CARPETS

Residence, which must be sold.

Parlor and Chamber

NITURE,

hand Carpets and General House-

ware, Crockery and Glass,

ELISON, POMEROY & CO.

Rich, Gold Bracelets, of America.

under Chafet Mortage, Friday

Aug. 12, at 1 o'clock, at our stores.

C. Watch, 18 k. gold, P. S. Bar-

clach, \$100.00.

C. Watch, Enamelled 18 k. case;

bracelets, cost \$50.

C. Watch, heavy case 18 k. gold.

C. Watch, cost \$25.

Watches, with long strap \$20.

Mortage. Goods on exhibition

ELISON, POMEROY & CO.

Auctions

LANDAU AT AUCTION

at 12 o'clock, at our store. On

\$1,500, to be sold under chat-

ELISON, POMEROY & CO.

BUFFERS & CO.,

18 and 20 Wabash-st.

BUFFERS' Saturday Sale.

Aug. 12, at 9 o'clock, at our

33rd and 35th, 25th, between

Lots 1 and 2, at the Laurel,

Address for further information, the Trustees of Willow Seminary.

PEON!

Flight of Stories Un-
urable to Servia.

Army of the Insurgent
g Back on Belgrade,
y Is Being Strongly For-
d and Provisioned.

Powers Will Resist the
Porte's Attention to
Bulgarian Outrages.

Is the There Has Been More
nough of Such Atrocities.

THE EAST.

Aug. 11.—Further correspondence re-
garding atrocities was laid before
the Foreign Office. Among the most important
dispatches from Lord Derby to Sir
the British Ambassador at Constanti-
nople, the 29th inst., which says:

"The Majority's Government that the cap-
tions lead to the occupation of a con-
tinent. It is known that the Porte is about
to be placed under control, and that the
population is to be spared, and that the
Bulgarians are to be avoided. You will
be asked to furnish the loss of a battle-
field to Turkey, and that the battle to
Turkey would be irre-
versible."

THE SERVIAN GADE.

Arrived at Belgrade telegraph. "The
fighting around Servia. Abdul Karim
was sent westward from Gareg-
hovac and Klesova. Hard fighting
in the public squares and were addressed by the
Hon. Dr. Schuyler Colfax was chosen President
of the meeting, and on taking the chair said:

"The eloquent orator who is to address us to-
night will speak to you fully and effectively on
the political principles and platform of
the party. And I have only recently addressed you in regard to them, I will not trespass on
the ground which he will occupy later. Let
me, therefore, in this short address, assure you
that the Committee which waited on Steward—Ward Meetings.

COLFAX.

625 VIEW OF THE PRESENT ECONOMIC CON-
DITION OF THE COUNTRY.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Aug. 11.—An enthusiastic

Republican rally was held here to-night.

After a grand torchlight procession the

embassadors to Mr. Steward, the Gubernatorial

Committee, and the Convention.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Traveling over the country from October to July, from New England to Nebraska, conversing with
men of all classes, the author of this article has
seen the financial condition of the country, and
the time of the year in every section that I visited, I
am very glad to express my

confidence in the financial condition of the country.

The favorable prediction of the last week was the

worst of the storm—and that, before the close of

this centennial year, we shall see the commencement

of a new era.

NO MEDIATION.

Aug. 11.—No proposal for media-
tiation between Servia and Austria or

BYZANTINE REFORMERS.

Aug. 11.—The Chamber of De-
puties for the relief of the Servian
people are to be reformed in Roumania. The
sum is estimated at 20,000.

DOUBTFUL.

Aug. 11.—The "Times" Paris special
is to anticipate mediation by ac-
knowledged Servians, and to Mont-
eveli, or not, conditions acceptable
proposed before mediation could be
arrived at.

REBELLION.

Aug. 11.—The Servians are engaged in
the fortifications of the Capital in
order to make the most of the
heavy supplies of provisions, and
defended as long as possible.

AMNESTY.

Aug. 11.—A telegram from Constanti-
nople, the Sultan has granted com-
plete amnesty to all the Bulgarians implicated in the
revolution of the leaders and the
revolution.

A RELIEF FROM INFLATIA.

Aug. 11.—A correspondent tele-
graphed that against Niech had been resu-
luted in which Niech was to be re-
covered and has been reoccupied by the
revolution of the Servians to make a
victory, if the soldiers will fight, which
will be for 50 miles on the side
of Princes' Legion.

SERVIA.

Aug. 11.—Servia has issued an appeal for
the legions named after herself, and
is to be reformed, and is to be re-
sponded to her appeal.

SPLENDID.

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of all, is beginning at last to reverberate
and to make most disastrous effects.

STATES, AND MUNICIPALITIES, and individuals have neither been
able to stand up to the shock, nor to stand up to the shock.

THE constant settling down of values has at last
reached "hard-pen," and the individual and
the corporation, the manufacturer and the laborer,
and the meeting away of investments, and
diminished incomes render a demand certain
and almost universal for a reduction in the
diminished support. Of this itself will tend to
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SENDING ORDERS AT OUR COUNTER-ROOM. The paper will be promptly mailed in a single wrapper, postage paid, for \$1 per month.

TILDEN'S RECORD.

A GREAT CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT.
Samuel J. Tilden has done his best to put himself forward, and the party which have taken him up as their standard-bearer have done likewise, that he has always been:

1. AN INDEPENDENT PATRIOT.
2. THE DESTROYER OF TWEDD AND THE CORRUPT CANAL-RING.
3. A SINCERE AND EFFICIENT REFORMER.
4. A LEADER OF FIVE MILLIONS OF FEDERAL VOTERS AND OPPOSED TO FRAUDULENT VOTING.
5. OPPOSED TO THE ISSUING AND CIRCULATION OF SHILLERATES.

SHILLERATES DEALING WITH WESTERN RAILROADS IN DIVIDENDS.

A regard for historic truth and the general welfare compels THE TRIBUNE to show that all these claims of TILDEN in his own words are not only untrue, but that the very reverse is the fact.

1. A SINCERE AND EFFICIENT MAINTENANCE OF THE UNION.
2. A FRIEND OF FRIENDS OF THE UNION.
3. A FRIEND OF BOSS TWEDD AND A MEMBER OF THE TAMMANY GANG.

4. A BOUSIN OF REFORMER—NOT TO THE CANAL CORRUPTION, AND MADE NOTHING BETTER THAN HE FOUND IT.
4. A CORRUPTOR OF THE BALLOX-BOOZ, AND A LEADER OF PRACTICALLY THE WHOLE OF THE EX-BOOBIES UPON MY HORACE GREENLEY.

5. AN ISSUE OF SHILLERATES TO LABORING MEN IN THE IRON REGIONS OF MICHIGAN.
6. A MEMBER OF THE BOOBIES WHO MADE MILLIONS BY DEVOURING WESTERN RAILROADS IN FINANCIAL TROUBLE.

The following are the captions of a few of the essays in TILDEN's "Record."

The Three T's—Tweed, and Tammany.
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Tilden as a Reformer—How he has been a "Great Reformer" benefited at the expense of the people.

Tilden as a Railroader—How he has been a "Great Railroader" at the expense of the people.

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For a dozen copies.....\$1.50
For a dozen copies, special cases will be charged.

Send orders immediately for "Tilden's Record."

TRIBUNE CO., Chicago.

AMUSEMENTS.

New Chicago Theatre, Clark street, between Lake and Randolph. Evening.

Adelphi Theatre, Monroe street, corner Dearborn. Variety performances. Afternoon and evening.

Hooley's Theatre, Randolph street, between Clark and LaSalle. Evening. John. Miller, Attorney. Married life. Evening. "Paul Pry" and "De Boot."

SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1876.

Greensbacks at the New York Gold Exchange yesterday closed at 82½.

The creditors of the Cook County National Bank will be gratified to learn that a dividend of 10 per cent will be forthcoming in September.

The Board of Education last evening adopted a resolution calling upon the Common Council to institute an investigation of the charges and rumors concerning the management of school affairs by the first-named body.

The Common Council wrestled with the question at its meeting last evening, and after a long discussion and stubborn fight ordinances were passed admitting to competition in the manufacture of gas two new companies, whose price to all consumers is limited to \$1.50 per thousand feet.

Senator LOOMIS has not been able to command the number of votes necessary to call up and secure action upon his bill for the equalization of bounties, and is said to have reconciled himself to a postponement until the winter session. The country could easily reconcile itself to an unlimited postponement.

The warm southwest wind of last evening bore upon its wings a most disgusting reminder that the great geographical problem which the Health Department has undertaken to collar and throw still remains unsolved. Can't the expedition make a forced march of a mile and a half or two miles and capture that horrible stench?

The character of Mr. BURKE's defense to the action for malicious prosecution instituted by FRANK MOULTRON is outlined in the defendant's answer to the bill. Mr. BURKE denies that MOULTRON was ready or anxious to proceed to a trial on the criminal indictment for libel; denies that he (BURKE) ever requested the Brooklyn District Attorney to drop the prosecution, and avers that his testimony was true whenupon the Grand Jury indicted MOULTRON for libel.

Serious allegations of corruption against Dr. MOYKERS, Health Commissioner of Chicago, were made public in the Post yesterday; in the form of an affidavit to the effect that Dr. MOYKERS proposed, for the sum of \$100 per month, to secure to GROVES LUMINA a complete monopoly of night scavenger work. Dr. MOYKERS makes a more emphatic denial of the charge, stating it to be wholly without foundation, and doubles his denial under oath.

The Chicago produce markets were steadier yesterday, except a rally in wheat. Meats were closed 15¢ per bushel higher, at \$1.40 for August and \$1.45 for September. Meats were still, at 75¢ for boxed shanks, 90¢ for short ribs, and 90¢ for do for clear. Lake freight were still, at 10¢ per ton to corn. Lake freights were unchanged. Highwines were quiet, at \$1.10 a gallon. Flour was

tame. Wheats closed 10¢ higher, at 8¢ for August and 85¢ for September. Corn closed 10¢ lower, at 45¢ for August and 45¢ for September. Oats closed a shade firmer, at 30¢ cash, and 30¢ for September. Rye was strong, at 50¢ per bushel. Barley closed firmer, at 75¢ for September. Hogs were dull and closed weak at 50¢ per hundred. Cattle were dull and closed at 15¢ per bushel. Sales were principally at 50¢ per hundred. Sheep were quiet. One hundred dollars in gold would buy \$111.875 in greenbacks at the close.

This time it is the Senate which inaugurates the movement to restore the franking privilege. That body yesterday, after an hour's debate, Senators on both sides supporting the proposition, tacked an amendment to the Post-Office bill having this object in view. The honors are easy, the affirmative vote being equally divided—15 Democrats and 15 Republicans. One of the former, however, RANDOLPH, of New Jersey, changed his vote before the result was announced.

Secretary MORRILL has appointed Mr. HILL, of Boston, Supervising Architect of the Treasury, vice POTTER, resigned. The appointment is regarded as a good one, and a happy escape from the threatened restoration of the MULLATT dynasty. Mr. HILL was the principal assistant of both MULLATT and POTTER, has been connected with the Department architectural affairs for nine years, and is said to be eminently qualified for the position of Supervising Architect.

Senator MORRISON was accorded a magnificent ovation at Indianapolis last evening upon the occasion of his appearance at home to inaugurate the political campaign in that State. The building selected for the delivery of Mr. MORRISON's speech was the largest in the city, and yet was three times too small to contain the vast crowd of people that had gathered to listen to him. The speech was delivered in a room which was said to be in the basement of the Post-Office building, and was received with a roar of applause.

In the resumption of species payments there was hope of a resumption of values, a resumption of trade, a resumption of ventures and comparative speculations, a renewal of consumption, and a fresh impetus to production and to the employment of labor. In short, having a fixed and permanent basis, all the elements of prosperity—capital and labor—would be put in active operation. But species payments on the exclusive gold standard is such an impossibility that such a result cannot even be hoped for.

The abolition of the dual standard was an outrage upon the country, and an evil of even greater magnitude in a purely pecuniary sense than the War itself. It has crippled and disabled the country. It has contributed to swell national and all other debts. It has postponed species payments indefinitely. It

has added to the value of gold; it has reduced the relative value of silver, wheat, corn, cotton, and every other product of the United States, and of every other description of property. It is a national calamity under which the country must suffer and languish until Congress shall repeat the inquiry and restore the dual standard of gold and silver.

The worst feature in the case is that the wheat being now in good order, is the most unfavorable part of the season being over.

As stated in our article of several days ago, Senator MORRISON never makes a speech that is not worth any man's while to listen to or read. His return to Indiana at this time to participate in the important canvas in that State will prove an immense acquisition to the campaign, and add thousands to the majority that the Hoosier State will roll up for BEN HAYES in October and HAYES and WHEELER in November.

A decision of importance to the creditors of the Lamer Insurance Company is given in our law report this morning. The Supreme Court in this decision upsets a questionable transaction between the Insurance Company and Messrs. CUSHMAN & HARDIN, bankers of this city, wherein the latter furnished the amount of collateral security necessary to enable the Company to comply with the State law, pretending to be the purchasers of 5,500 shares of stock, which, by a secret agreement, was subsequently canceled, and the bankers relieved of all liability thereon.

The decree of the Superior Court sanctioning this transaction is reversed by the Supreme Court, which holds that CUSHMAN & HARDIN became the absolute owners of the stock, the cancellation of which must be disregarded, and they compelled to pay the assessment made upon that stock to satisfy the claims against the Company.

WHEAT.

The County Hospital investigation is concluded, and the Committee has taken the matter under advisement. From the methods pursued in the conduct of the investigation it would appear that the Committee had made common cause with the Hospital management as against all persons who should attempt to sustain the charges of brutality, cruelty, neglect, and inefficiency, and that the Committee had constituted itself judge and jury in a trial involving its own guilt or innocence. Wherefore no one will be surprised at a whitewashing report. But the courage and determination shown by Mrs. EOCAS in her single-handed struggle against overwhelming odds will not have been in vain if the effect shall be to impress still more forcibly upon the minds of the voters of Cook County the necessity of breaking the back of the Ring in the Board by the election of five honest men as Commissioners this fall.

THE SILVER STANDARD.

The value of confidence to mankind is illustrated by the deplorable consequences of the loss of it. Wealth, labor, machinery, the means of transportation, and the productiveness of the pines, the forest, and of the soil have undergone no change, except to increase, and yet the depression and stagnation have fallen upon the trade, commerce, and industry of the country. There is an abundance of capital; money is lying idle and in quantities unprecedented. Lenders lack confidence, and men who under other circumstances would be ready borrowers want confidence, and the money is unemployed. We lack confidence in the future; they look in vain for any indication of what future is in store, as they sit down and wait. The employers discharge their operatives; he cannot sell what he produces; consumers only purchase to meet their wants day to day; consumption is reduced to the minimum. There are no ventures. There is no hope.

In the meantime, while the business of the country was fitting in this nerveless way towards that point from which ultimately there must be a recovery, Congress, in the dark, without the knowledge of more than a chosen few, abolished the standard of values which he existed from the date of the Union. That proceeding has had the effect to aggravate still the state of things of which he was not aware.

The ultra Democratic managers were thunderstruck at any such declaration as this. They did not know what to do. They did not want to vote for it, and they did not dare to vote against it. They began fibbing, and thereby betrayed themselves.

On the call for the previous question, all the Republicans voted in the affirmative, some thirteen Democrats voted in the negative, and enough Democrats refrained from voting at all to leave the vote less than a quorum and render it null and void. Then the rule was cited which compels every member present in the House to cast his vote unless specially excused by the House. This forced the Democrats to terms, and they were obliged to swallow the bitter dose. But they did it with such wry faces and such evident disgust as to make it apparent to the entire country that it was simply because they did not dare, and not because they did not desire, to place themselves on record in favor of fraud and intimidation in the Southern States.

The resolution has really more significance than even Mr. LOOMIS intended it should have. It is a confession by the Democrats, in effect, that fraud, violence, and intimidation have been employed in the South to prevent the negroes from voting, and to practically destroy the operation of the Fifteenth Amendment.

All this has been persistently and vigorously denied by the Democrats of the South.

Even now there are two

Democratic Senators who are maintaining

that there was no intimidation in Mississippi,

in spite of the evidence taken by the Senate Investigating Committee. They must feel somewhat chagrined at finding their colleagues in the House admitting what they have been so desperately disputing.

The resolution is such an admission, because if there had been no efforts to defeat the operation of the Fifteenth Amendment, there would be no occasion for passing a resolution denouncing such efforts.

Judge M. F. FOOTE, the nominee for Congress in the First District, is about to commence his law practice in the City of Boston. He was a member of the law firm of KELLY & FOOTE, and at the breaking out of the War he was called into the service of the Brigadier General in command of the Boston Artillery. He was subsequently promoted, and when he left the service he held the position of Brigadier General in command of the Boston Artillery.

He was promoted to the rank of Captain in the First Artillery.

He was promoted to the rank of Major in the First Artillery.

He was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel in the First Artillery.

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THE CITY.

GENERAL NEWS.

Miss Ann Wagner, 63 years of age, was found dead in her bed yesterday morning at No. 62 West Adams street. The Coroner held the inquest in the afternoon, and returned a verdict of death from old age.

Miss Staron, the destitute woman mentioned in yesterday's Tribune as being at the Armory, was yesterday furnished with tickets for herself and children by the County Agent, and returned to Aurora on the afternoon train.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Master optician, No. 56 Madison street, (C. H. Bell) was 75° F. at 7:30 a. m.; 78° at 10 a. m.; 80° at 12 m.; 77° at 3 p. m.; 82° at 5 p. m.; 81° at 8 p. m.; 79° at 7 p. m.

The Committee on Equalization was in session yesterday examining the complaints of the citizens of the city. The following were dis-

posed of in the forenoon, and in the afternoon the Town of North Chicago came up. As a general that the same were to be considered.

Highway Master, 77° F., was run over by a freight on the C. & St. L. Railroad yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and received injuries along the left arm. He was admitted to the hospital, was appointed by the Mayor yesterday afternoon to assume control of Building and Grounds. Councilman Thompson not being the one upon whom the position fell.

An unusual amount of justice was done to Justice Springfield in yesterday's Tribune in saying that two reporters induced him to hold Clark for hanging the boy. It was Clark, however, who was the victim, and the reporters induced to make the arrest, and Justice Summers, whose only connection with the affair was to release him in time.

The Board of Officers of the First Regiment held a meeting last night at the Armory on LaSalle street. Col. G. H. Davis presided, and Alden Mathews, Adj't. Col. The object of the meeting was the request of Company R that permission be granted to them to give a series of entertainments, and the request for the co-operation of the other companies. Permission was granted, and the entertainment will be given in the hall at 10 p. m. Miss Mathews, the company's captain, will take a part in the performances, and the entire entertainment is expected.

The main point to be the entertainment, and the other to be the distribution of the money of the late rebellion. The play has been given in DuPage, Illinois, by the Governor's Guard.

There is every reason to believe that the performance will be a success. The other business of the evening will be the decision that the Secretary be asked to draw up an order of audience, and return the same to the Auditor, for the excellent manner in which he fed the regiment during the Fourth of July entertainment at

THE CHICAGO BOTANICAL GARDEN. At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Chicago Botanical Garden, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, our profession, which is in an especial manner distinguished by its great interest in the propagation and expression of the sincere appreciation of the same; therefore,

Resolved, that the thanks of this Board are hereby tendered to Prof. H. H. Bailey, the efficient Superintendent, who has done so much for the promotion of our cause, and that great labor performed by him respectively in behalf of this great cause of popular science; therefore,

Resolved, that our thanks are due also to the efforts of the members of the Board, who have worked and encouraged this admirable feature of our park improvement.

COIN-HOUSE STONE.

THE LATENT STONE.

The interest in the question of who would supply the stone for the Court-House was increased in certain circles yesterday by the failure of the County Board the day before to take any action.

It was known that the Board had intended to have acted in the matter the day before, but the failure to do so was regarded as an evidence of the weakness of the "Latent Stone" which was the chief object of giving the more honorable competitors for the work new courage.

They were satisfied that the Walker-Periota job could not go through, and, as a consequence, felt that their bid would be improved, and will the time come when

the stone will be a little singular, but avoiding

the stone was the best way to do it.

ANOUNCEMENTS.

The tenth anniversary of the Haledon-St. M. E. Sabbath-School will occur to-morrow at 3 p. m.

There will be a grand trotting match at the Central Park drive at 3 p. m. to-day. It is free to all.

The creditors of the Cook County National Bank will be gratified to learn that Mr. A. H. Burley, the Receiver, has made an announcement that he will make a reduction of 25 per cent in the amount of the bonds held by the bank.

The persistent labor of the Receiver are at last beginning to bear fruit.

The following leaders of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be present at the rally at the Goppe Temperance Meeting in Lower Fair-Hall, commencing Aug. 14: Monday, Mrs. W. G. Brown; Tuesday, Mrs. Louis R. Warden; Wednesday, Mrs. B. Maybole; Thursday, Mrs. William Barnes; Friday, Mrs. C. A. Babbott; Saturday, Mrs. M. Boyle.

WILLIAM PERIOTA, D. D., who succeeded Mr. Starr King at San Francisco, who is one of the most noted preachers in the Unitarian Church, is staying at the "Palace" Hotel, and a reception will be given him in the church parlor Monday evening, to which the members of the various Unitarian congregations in the city are invited.

CRIMINAL.

Several houses of ill-fame along "Bitter" Avenue were taken in by the police last evening for disorderly conduct.

Martin Flavin, of No. 97 West Sixteenth street, who attempted to shoot his wife Thursday afternoon, was to stand trial to-day. Justice Scully in his opinion of the case, held that the parties had not been as liberal as Walker, for the reason, sombly, that they could not afford to be.

The same, and the other of sandstone, but Periota has been overlooked by them, which makes the trial a little singular, but avoiding

the stone was the best way to do it.

THE TAX CASES.

THE DOCTORS' FEES CLEARED.

The consideration of the tax cases was resumed yesterday in the County Court. A large number of special objections to individual lots were overruled, and the cases sustained. They contain no material of interest, except that they are not as yet, as any accident a person's land is assessed with another's, there is no way in which the parties can be separated.

It seems that there might be a slight amendment to the Revenue law, which there might be a reason to make an application for.

The case of Walker, the man who was to be assessed with another's, was not as yet, as any accident a person's land is assessed with another's, there is no way in which the parties can be separated.

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